

Reactive programming in ClojureScript using React.js wrappers

State of the web development

- ▮ More and more complex apps
 - ▮ Solving elaborate problems
 - ▮ Myriad of web browsers and devices
 - ▮ Performance and resources

- ▮ Plain vanilla JavaScript

▮ JQuery

└ MVC

▮ React.js

What does it mean reactive?

- ▮ Erik Meijer - What does it mean to be Reactive?
 - ▮ Lots of definitions
 - ▮ Difficult to agree

- ▮ Components reacting to events and changing state

- ▮ Apples
- ▮ Oranges
- ▮ Grapes

- ▮ Add pineapple
 - ▮ But how exactly?

Solution #1

- ▮ Insert a new list item
 - ▮ Find the right place

Solution #2

- ▮ Throw out the entire list and rebuild it
 - ▮ Rendering large scale amounts of DOM is slow

- ▮ Most JS frameworks help to mitigate problem #1
 - ▮ Make DOM easier to navigate
 - ▮ Tie element to a controller keeping it up to date

▮ React solves problem #2

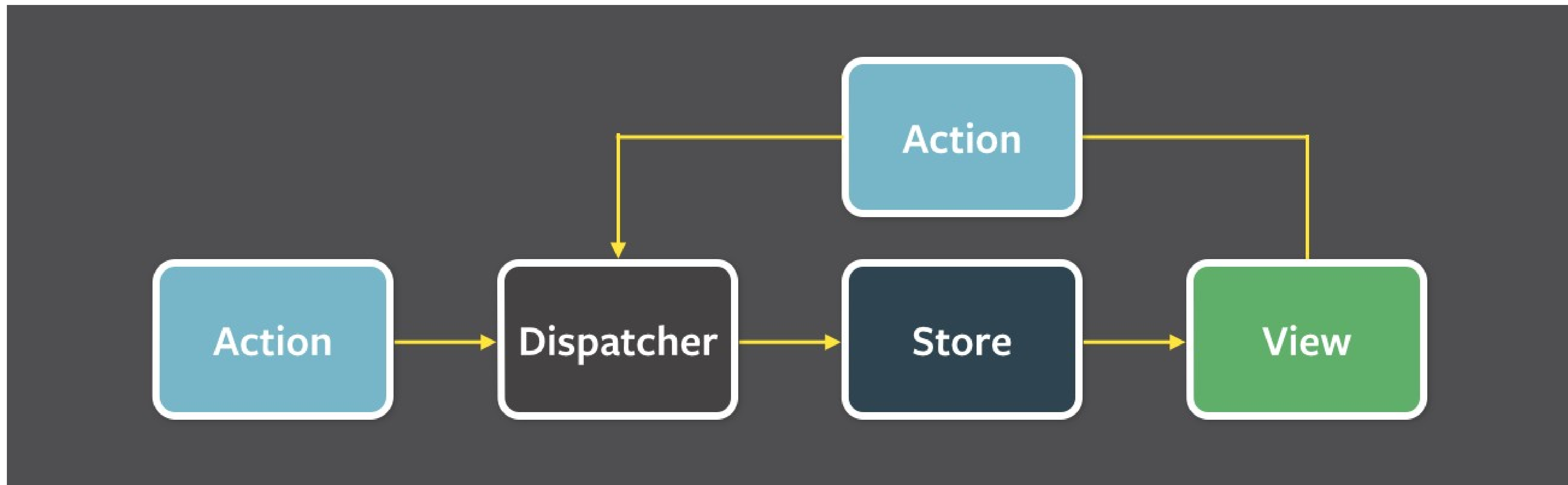
- ▮ Virtual DOM (two copies)
 - ▮ Original
 - ▮ Updated

- ▮ Compare new virtual DOM with previous
- ▮ Render only bits that have changed

- ▮ Pretending to re-render entire page is fast
- ▮ Easier to reason about

- ▮ V in MVC
 - ▮ Interfaces with changing data
- ▮ Can combine with frameworks e.g. AngularJS

- ▮ Flux architecture
 - ▮ Once-directional data flow
 - ▮ Action → Dispatcher → Store → View



JavaScript sucks



- ▮ this
- ▮ Verbose syntax
- ▮ Confusing, inconsistent automatic operator conversions
- ▮ NaN
- ▮ Global variables by default
- ▮ etc.

We need JavaScript

- ▮ JS is (almost) everywhere
- ▮ Runtime is improving
 - ▮ Web Sockets
 - ▮ WebRTC
 - ▮ Canvas
 - ▮ Push notifications

- ▮ Build “better” language on top of JS

- └ 1 + 2 // simple, clear
- └ (+ 1 2) ; OMG! So confusing
- └ Clearly programmers aren't that smart as some think

ClojureScript

- ▮ Modern LISP
- ▮ Immutable data structures
- ▮ State vs Identity
- ▮ REPL
- ▮ Transducers
- ▮ `core.async`
- ▮ And much much more

▮ ClojureScript + React.js

- ▮ Pure React.js is not idiomatic in ClojureScript
- ▮ Leverage immutable data structures

- ▮ ClojureScript React.js wrappers on steroids

Rum

- ▮ Not a framework but a library

- ▮ Om, Reagent, Quiescent have built-in component behaviour model

Rum

- Two-level API

Rum

- ▮ Define your component and render it

└ (rum/defc name doc-string? [params*] render-body+)

- ▮ (rum/defc h1 [text]
[:h1 text])

- ▮ (rum/mount (h1 "important") js/document.body)

- ▮ Simple component not reactive
- ▮ Agnostic of data storage and behaviour model

- ▮ Use mixins to control component's behaviour

- ▮ Pre-built component mixins
- ▮ Mimic behaviour of other wrappers

└ (rum/defc name doc-string? [< mixins+]?
[params*] render-body+)

- ▮ Static mixin
 - ▮ Checks if args have changed
 - ▮ Avoids re-rendering if they are the same

└ (rum/defc h1 < rum/static [text]
[:h1 text])

- └ (rum/mount (h1 "important text") body)
- └ (rum/mount (h1 "important text") body) ;; render won't be called
- └ (rum/mount (h1 "important") body) ;; this will cause re-rendering

Local Mixin

- ▮ Rum local
 - ▮ Per-component local state

Our Services

Web Development	£300
Design	£400
Integration	£250
Training	£220
Total: £0	

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Total: £520	

```
(rum/defcs make-service < (rum/local "") [state service]
  (let [local (:rum/local state)]
    [:p {:class @local
          :on-click (fn [_] (swap! local toggle-class service))}
      (:name service)
      [:b (str " £" (:price service))]]))
```

```

└ (defn toggle-class [current-class service]
  (let [price (:price service)]
    (if (= current-class "active")
      (do (swap! order-form-total - price)
          ""))
      (do (swap! order-form-total + price)
          "active"))))

```

Reactive mixin

- ▮ Creates “reactive” component
- ▮ Tracks references to data
- ▮ Auto-updates when value stored changes
- ▮ Reactive mixin is like Reagent wrapper

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- ▮ (def order-form-total (atom 0))
- ▮ (rum/defc total-sum < rum/reactive []
[:p {:id "total"} (str "Total: £" (rum/react order-form-total))])


```

└ (defn toggle-class [current-class service]
  (let [price (:price service)]
    (if (= current-class "active")
      (do (swap! order-form-total - price)
          ""))
      (do (swap! order-form-total + price)
          "active")))))

```

Cursored mixin

- ▮ Interface to sub-trees inside an atom
- ▮ Like an Om wrapper

```

└ (def state (atom {:app {
                        :settings {:header {:colour "#cc3333" }}}}))

```

└ (rum/defc label < rum/cursored [colour text]
 [:label {:style {:colour @colour}} text])

```

└ (rum/defc body < rum/cursored [state]
  [:div
    (label (rum/cursor state [:app :settings :headers :colour])
      "First label" )])

```

└ (swap! state-cursor assoc-in [:app :settings :header :colour]
 "#cc56bb")

- ▮ One global state
 - ▮ Atomic swaps
 - ▮ Always consistent
 - ▮ Easy to implement undo – reset to previous state
 - ▮ Serialize app state and send it over the wire

Custom mixin

- ▮ Use React.js life-cycle functions
 - ▮ Will mount
 - ▮ Did mount
 - ▮ Should update
 - ▮ Will unmount

▮ Scrolling mixin

```

└ (defn scroll-view [height]
  {:did-mount      (fn [state]
                     (if-not (::scrolled state)
                         (do
                          (set-scroll-top! height)
                          (assoc state ::scrolled true))
                         state))
   :transfer-state (fn [old new]
                     (assoc new ::scrolled (::scrolled old)
                             ::with-scroll-view true)))})

```

- ▮ Build new mixins easily

- ▮ Mix and match different mixins

▮ The curious case of Om

- ▮ The good, the bad and the future

- ▮ Root UI is given root cursor
- ▮ Passes sub-trees of cursors to its sub-components

└ { :list { :title "My list:" :colour :brown

My list:

:items

{ :item_1 { :text "text1" :colour :blue }



- text1

:item_2 { :text "text2" :colour :green }



- text2

:item_3 { :text "text3" :colour :red } } }



- text3

Case #1

- ▮ UI cross-cutting concerns?

- ▮ Dashboard with a list that can be expanded, shrank

- ▮ Save the list presentation options to general settings?

- ▮ Cursor-oriented architecture requires you to structure app state as a tree (matching UI)

- ▮ Quite often your data are not a tree

- ▮ Changing item's text is easy

Case #2

- ▮ Deleting an item should be easy too, right?

- ▮ Does delete button/option belong to an item or a list?

- ▮ Deleting an item requires list manipulation

- ▮ Rum is flexible use it if you can

Enter Om.next

- ▮ New version of Om

▮ Actually a reboot

- ▮ Experience of the last few years
- ▮ Inspired by:
 - ▮ Facebook's Relay
 - ▮ Netflix's Falcor
 - ▮ Cognitect's Datomic

- ▮ Display date of past purchases of certain item

```

{:current-user
{:purchases
[{:id 146
  :product-name "organic rice"
  :date #inst "2015-12-17T17:13:59.167-00:00"
  :previous {:id 140
    :product-name "organic rice"
    :date #inst "2015-12-14T17:05:58.144-00:00"
    :previous {:id 136
      :product-name "organic rice"
      :date #inst "2015-12-10T17:05:13.512-00:00"
      :previous ; and so on... }}}
{:id 145
  :product-name "soy milk"
  :date #inst "2015-12-17T17:09:25.961-00:00"
  :previous {:id 141
    :product-name "soy milk"
    :date #inst "2015-12-15T17:05:36.797-00:00"
    :previous {:id 128
      :product-name "soy milk"
      :date #inst "2015-12-07T17:04:51.124-00:00"
      :previous ; and so on... }}}]]}]

```

```

{:current-user {:recent-purchases [[:purchase-id 146]
                                     [:purchase-id 145]]}
 :purchased-items {146 {:id 146
                        :product-name "organic rice"
                        :date #inst "2015-12-17T17:13:59.167-00:00"
                        :previous [:purchase-id 144]}
                   145 {:id 145
                        :product-name "soy milk"
                        :date #inst "2015-12-17T17:09:25.961-00:00"
                        :previous [:purchase-id 143]}
                   144 {:id 144
                        :product-name "organic rice"
                        :date #inst "2015-12-17T17:05:58.144-00:00"
                        :previous [:purchase-id 141]}
                   143 {:id 143
                        :product-name "soy milk"
                        :date #inst "2015-12-17T17:05:36.797-00:00"
                        :previous [:purchase-id 138]}
                   ;; and so on... }}

```


- ▮ In Om.next components define a query to data they need

- ▮ Cursor navigates a tree, query can navigate a graph

▮ [{:current-user [{:recent-purchases [{:previous [:date]}]}]]]

```

└ { :current-user
  { :recent-purchases
    [ { :previous { :date #inst "2015-12-17T17:05:58.144-00:00" } }
      { :previous { :date #inst "2015-12-17T17:05:36.797-00:00" } } ] } }

```

```

{:current-user {:recent-purchases [[:purchase-id 146]
                                     [:purchase-id 145]]}
 :purchased-items {146 {:id 146
                        :product-name "organic rice"
                        :date #inst "2015-12-17T17:13:59.167-00:00"
                        :previous [:purchase-id 144]}
 145 {:id 145
      :product-name "soy milk"
      :date #inst "2015-12-17T17:09:25.961-00:00"
      :previous [:purchase-id 143]}
 144 {:id 144
      :product-name "organic rice"
      :date #inst "2015-12-17T17:05:58.144-00:00"
      :previous [:purchase-id 141]}
 143 {:id 143
      :product-name "soy milk"
      :date #inst "2015-12-17T17:05:36.797-00:00"
      :previous [:purchase-id 138]}
 ;; and so on... }}

```

```

└ {:current-user
  {:recent-purchases
    [{:previous {:date #inst "2015-12-17T17:05:58.144-00:00"}}
     {:previous {:date #inst "2015-12-17T17:05:36.797-00:00"}}]}]}

```

- ▮ Om.next normalizes data* you have into one you expect

* with a little help from you

```

└ {:list/one [{:product-name "soy milk" :price 10}
    {:product-name "eggs" :price 22}
    {:product-name "juice" :price 26}]
  :list/two [{:product-name "eggs" :price 22 :discount 7}
    {:product-name "apples" :price 8}
    {:product-name "cereals" :price 37 :discount 15}]]}

```



```

└ (defui Product
    static om/Ident
    (ident [this {:keys [product-name]}]
        [:product/by-name product-name])
    static om/Query
    (query [this]
        '[:name :price :discount])
    Object
    (render [this]
        ;; ... elided ...))

```

```

└ (d{:list/one
  [[:product/by-name "soy milk"]
    [:product/by-name "eggs"]
    [:product/by-name "juice"]],
  :list/two
  [[:product/by-name "eggs"]
    [:product/by-name "apples"]
    [:product/by-name "cereals"]],
  :product/by-name
  {"soy milk" {:name "soy milk", :price 10},
    "eggs" {:name "eggs", :price 22, :discount 7},
    "juice" {:name "juice", :price 26},
    "apples" {:name "apples", :price 8},
    "cereals" {:name "cereals", :price 37, :discount 15}}

```

- ▮ Store data the way you want and let Om.next convert data to match your UI

Om.next

- ▮ Currently in alpha stage
- ▮ Production ready in a couple of months

Datascript

- ▮ Because good things come in pairs
 - ▮ Nikita Prokopov creator of Rum and Datascript

- ▮ Immutable in-memory database
 - ▮ Datalog as a query engine

- ▮ Central, uniform approach to manage all application state

- ▮ Schemaless DB < Datascript < Relational schema
 - ▮ Data already normalized

└ { :db/id #db/id[:db.part/db]

:db/ident :product/name

:db/valueType :db.type/string

:db/cardinality :db.cardinality/one

:db/unique :db.unique/identity

:db/doc "Product's name"}

{ :db/id #db/id[:db.part/db]

:db/ident :product/price

:db/valueType :db.type/number

:db/cardinality :db.cardinality/one

:db/doc "Product's price"}

Datalog query

```

└ [:find ?name ?price ?discount
    :where
    [?p :product/name ?name]
    [?p :product/price ?price]
    [?p :product/discount ?discount]]

```

```

└ (defui Product
    static om/Ident
    (ident [this {:keys [product-name]}]
      [:product/by-name product-name])
    static om/Query
    (query [this]
      '[:name :price :discount])
    Object
    (render [this]
      ;; ... elided ...))

```

Find specific item

```

└ [:find ?name ?price ?discount
  :in $ ?name
  :where
  [?p :product/name ?name]
  [?p :product/price ?price]
  [?p :product/discount ?discount]]

```

```

(rum/defc product-item [db name]

  (let [item (d/q '[:find ?name ?price ?discount
                    :in $ ?name
                    :where
                    [?p :product/name ?name]
                    [?p :product/price ?price]
                    [?p :product/discount ?discount]]
            db name)]

    (when item

      [:p name "$" (:product/price item) "discount $" (:product/discount item)])))
  
```

- ▮ Write components that depend on return values of queries

▮ Database as a value

Summary

- ▮ React.js is interesting – give it a go
- ▮ ClojureScript is interesting too
- ▮ React.js + ClojureScript = awesome
- ▮ Interesting wrappers for React.js in ClojureScript with some cool technologies

▮ Questions???



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Tweet me: @ryujinkony

Retailic

- ▮ Retailic helps retail to draw business conclusions from consumer behaviour and develop corresponding software solutions.

Resources

- ▮ <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=sTSQIYX5DU0>
Eric Meijer
- ▮ <https://medium.com/@carloM/reactive-programming-with-kefir-js-and-react-a0e8bb3af636#.td9mdlfz>
r
Reactive programming with react.js
- ▮ <http://blog.ractivejs.org/posts/whats-the-difference-between-react-and-ractive/>
React.js vs Ractive
- ▮ <http://www.funnyant.com/reactjs-what-is-it/>

Resources

- ▮ <https://www.destroyallsoftware.com/talks/wat>
- ▮ <https://github.com/active-group/react>
- ▮ <https://github.com/reagent-project/reagent>
- ▮ <https://github.com/tonsky/rum>
- ▮ <https://github.com/tonsky/datascript>
- ▮ <https://github.com/omcljs/om/wiki>